EAST SUSSEX COUNTY COUNCIL

LEAD MEMBER – COMMUNITIES AND SAFETY POLICY SUMMARY

LOCAL SPEED LIMITS	PS05/02
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PURPOSE OF POLICY

To achieve a safe distribution of speeds consistent with the speed limit that reflects the function of the road and the road environment

SPECIFIC POLICIES

- On trunk roads, speed limits (in common with other orders regulating traffic)
 are the responsibility of the Department for Transport (DfT), through its
 executive agency, Highways England. The County Council has no jurisdiction
 over this class of road.
- On all other roads Orders are made by the County Council subject to the statutory requirements for the advertisement of the proposals and considerations of any objections.
 - 3. The principle determinant of a proposed speed limit should be the appearance and character of the road as described in Appendix A.

SUPPORTING STATEMENT

Adherence to the criteria ensures consistency in the introduction of Local Speed Limits on a countywide basis and supports the work that has been undertaken with neighbouring authorities. It is recognised that, where appropriate, a lower speed limit can assist in the reduction of the number and severity of casualties and help to improve environmental aspects and quality of life for local residents. Reference should always be made to the latest national guidance available.

References – Further Information	Date of
	Approval
Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984	
Department for Transport – Circular Roads 01/2006	
Department for Transport – Circular Roads 02/2006	
Department for Transport – Traffic Advisor Leaflet 1/04	
Department for Transport – Traffic Advisory Leaflet 2/06	
Department for Transport- Circular Roads 01/2013	
H & T Committee–Agenda Item 10	17.03.1993
H & I Committee – Agenda Item 18	19.10.1994
Cabinet Committee – Agenda Item 5	15.11.2000
Lead Member for Transport and Environment – Agenda Item 11 Lead Member for Communities & Safety – Agenda Item ??	25.06.2007
- Lead Momber for Communico & Odicy / Agenda item : :	16/03/2018

SPECIFIC POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 4. Subject to paragraphs 5 and 6 below, villages may be considered for the introduction of a 30 mph speed limit in accordance with recommendations of DfT guidance for setting local speed limits providing that there are 20 or more properties served by private accesses which adjoin the main road (on one or both sides of the road), located over a length of not less than 600 metres, and clearly visible to drivers.
- 5. Speed limits should be set in accordance with the table below :-

Speed Limit	Average Speed Below
20	24
30	33
40	42
50	52
60	62

- 6. Where the average speed is above the figures quoted in paragraph 5 for a particular speed limit being investigated then, subject to available resources, either:-
- a) Where the history of injury crashes at the site justifies the necessary expenditure, engineering measures appropriate to the function of the road should be investigated to reduce vehicle speeds below the figures quoted in paragraph 5 for a particular speed limit. If this can be achieved a Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) for the proposed speed limit may then be made in conjunction with the introduction of engineered measures.
- b) Where engineering measures are not appropriate due to the function of the road or cannot be justified by the history of crashes a TRO may be considered for a higher limit than that originally proposed which reflects the speed quoted in paragraph 5.

7. 20mph Speed Limits and Zones

20mph speed limits or zones can positively contribute to quality of life and encourage healthier modes of transport such as walking or cycling. They can also help in creating a sense a place, better serving the local communities' needs. However, to ensure that they are effective, they will only be pursued if the following general criteria are met: -

- a) It can be demonstrated that there are clear benefits to be gained in terms of casualty reduction, particularly involving vulnerable road users;
- b) The lower limit is an integral part of either an area wide traffic calming scheme, a School/ Community Safety Zone or a Town Centre Management Scheme; and
- c) The lower limit is effectively self-enforcing

Proposed Speed Limit Criteria – Route Assessment

Below gives an indication of appropriate speed limits, reference should be made to the latest Department for Transport guidance for more detailed information.

SPEED LIMIT/ CHARACTER OF ENVIRONMENT	CHARACTER OF ROAD	TRAFFIC COMPOSITION
20 mph Speed Limit		
Town centres, residential areas, in the vicinity of schools	Constrained in terms of vehicle movement with existing conditions or engineered features influencing vehicle speed with available alternative	Mean vehicle speed below 24 mph High proportion of vulnerable road users in direct conflict with traffic
	routes for through traffic	
30 mph Speed Limits		
Built up areas, visible properties with frontage access, the road giving a	Urban streets Roads through villages and	Mean vehicle speed below 33mph
clear indication to drivers of the need to reduce speed	identified rural settlements with 20+ visible properties within a 600m length	Significant number of vulnerable road users in conflict with vehicular traffic
40 mph Speed Limits		
Less built up areas, set back properties with frontage access indicating to drivers	Urban Suburban distributor roads buildings set back from the	Mean vehicle speed below 42mph
the need to reduce speed	road	Urban Vulnerable road users segregated from road space
	Roads through villages and identified rural settlements	Rural
	over a minimum length of 600m	A noticeable presence of vulnerable road users
50 mph Speed Limits		
Limited frontage development	Higher quality urban distributors with few points of access	Mean vehicle speed below 52mph
	Low standard classified roads	
60 mph Speed Limits (Dual C	Carriageways	
Limited frontage development	High standard rural classified roads	Mean vehicle speed below 62mph

Note: Vulnerable road users include pedestrians (particularly children, the elderly and disabled) and cyclists.